Examiner: B. Forman

Group Art Unit: 1634



PATENT Docket No. 529492000100

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In the application of:

Mark A. SCHENA

Serial No.: 09/613.006

Filing Date: July 10, 2000

For:

MICROARRAY METHOD OF GENOTYPING MULTIPLE SAMPLES

AT MULTIPLE LOCI

DECLARATION OF MARK A. SCHENA PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R § 1.131

Commissioner for Patents Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

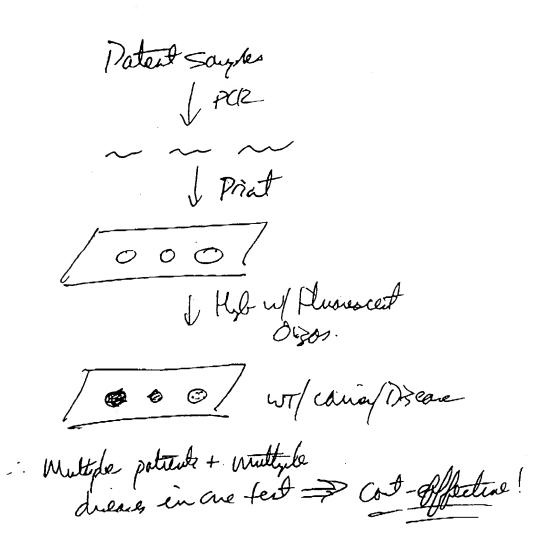
Dear Sir:

- I, Mark A. Schena, declare as follows:
- 1. I am the sole inventor named in the above-referenced patent application, and I am familiar with the contents thereof.
 - 2. The work was completed by me or under my direction.
- 3. I conceived of the invention claimed in the subject application prior to February 16, 2000.
- 4. I have worked diligently on reducing to practice the claimed invention in the subject application since before February 16, 2000 until the application was filed on July 10, 2000.

pa-786483

- 5. The following paragraph summarizes the document attached to this declaration which is submitted as evidence that I conceived of the claimed invention in the subject application prior to February 16, 2000. The attached document was prepared in the U.S. All of the activities reported in the document occurred in the U.S. With respect to this document, dates and portions that are not relevant to this declaration have been redacted.
- 6. Exhibit A is evidence of my conception of the claimed invention in the subject application. The conception was made on a date prior to February 16, 2000.
- 7. The following paragraph summarizes the documents attached to this declaration which are submitted as evidence that I was diligent in reducing the claimed invention in the subject application to practice. All of the attached documents were prepared in the U.S. prior to the filing date of July 10, 2000. All of the activities reported in these documents occurred in the U.S. in a diligent manner during a period commencing prior to February 16, 2000 and ending prior to July 10, 2000. With respect to all of these documents, dates (all of which are prior to July 10, 2000) and portions that are not relevant to this declaration have been redacted.
- 8. Exhibit B shows computer files and pages from my laboratory notebooks that show that I worked diligently on the reduction of the claimed invention to practice. Pages 1 6 show computer files of data generated from experiments. Page 7 shows the sequences of oligonucleotides used in experiments. Page 8 shows a protocol used in the experiments. Page 9 shows the sequences of oligonucleotides used in the experiments. Pages 10 11 show a sequence alignment generated in the experiments. Pages 12 14 show the sequences of oligonucleotides used in the experiments. Pages 15 18 show nucleotide sequences analyzed in the experiments. Pages 19 21 show protocols used in experiments. Page 22 shows numerical microarray data. Pages 23 30 show pictorial microarray data.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.



- Visit booth - Aharan re: Strandens (US?

Exhibit B

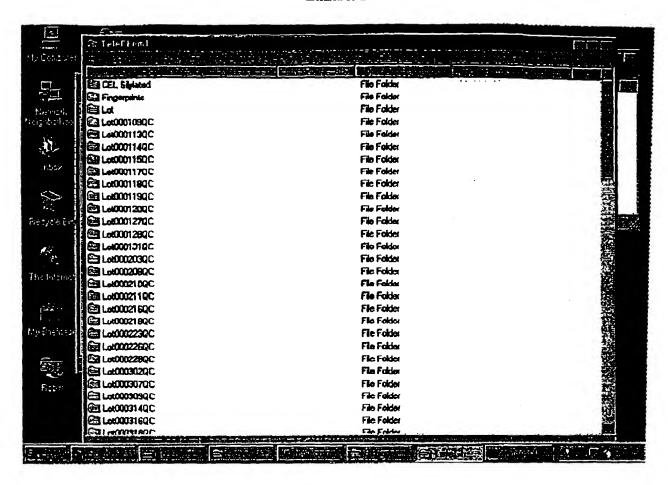
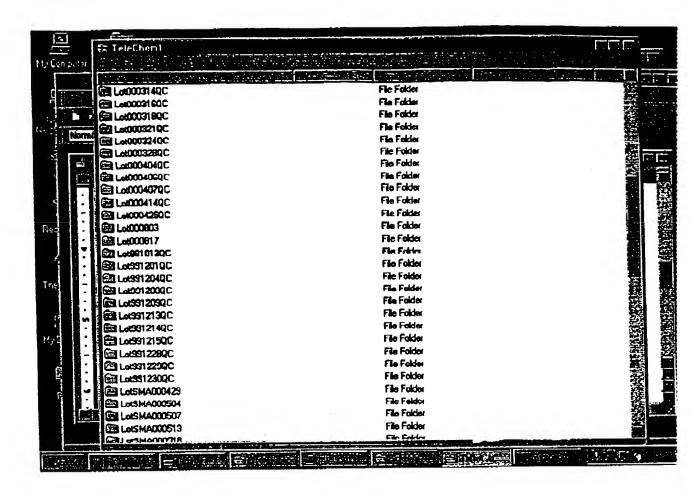


Exhibit B



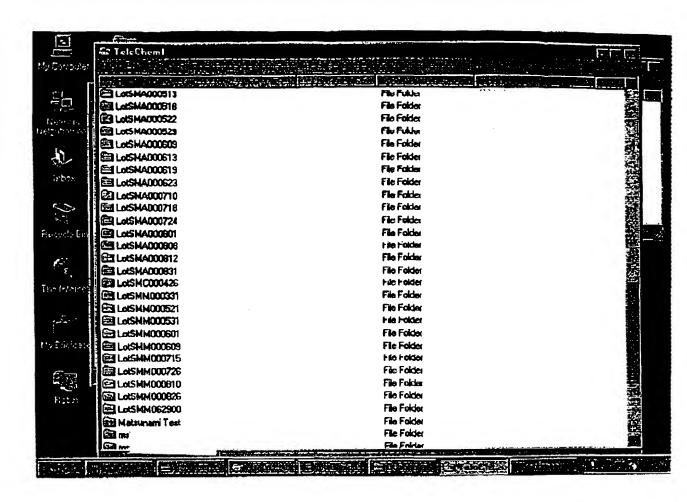
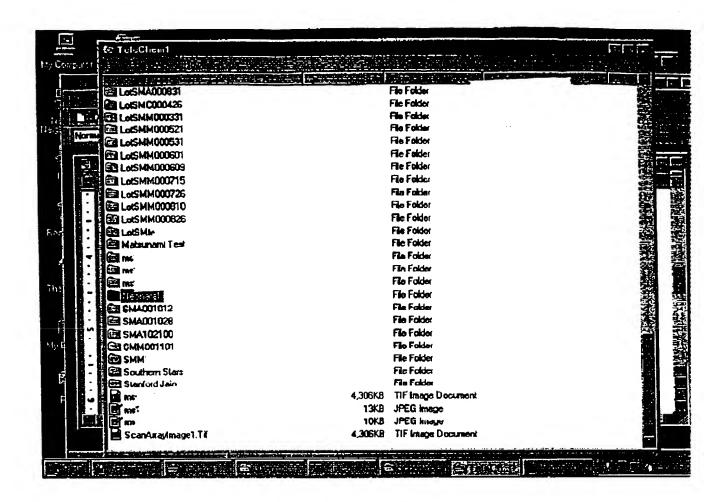
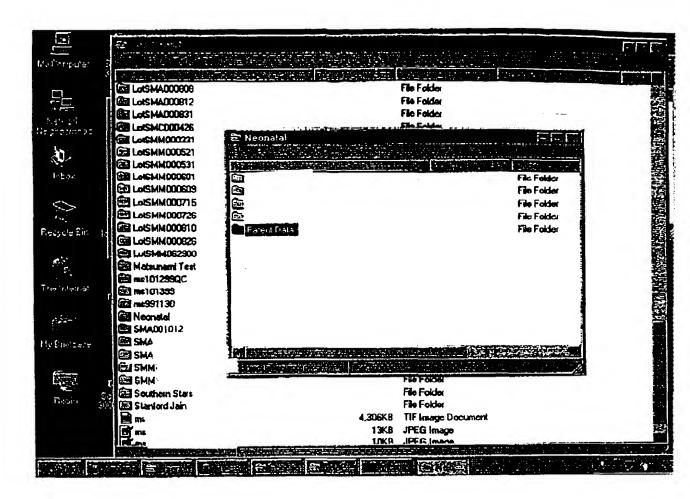
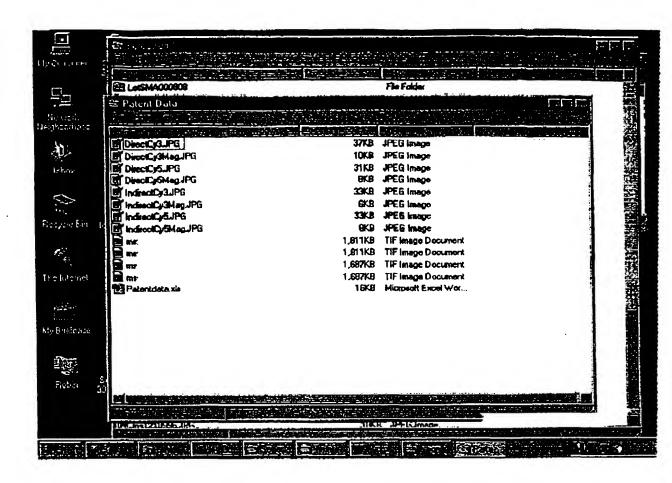


Exhibit B







ARDC-110 (Green Label, Sickle Cell WT) 5' NGA CTC CTG (A/T)GG AGA A 3' N = Cy3

Al >E1 + A3 > E3

ARDC-111 (Red Label, Sickle Cell C allele)-5' NGA CTC CTA (A/T)GG AGA A 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-112 (Red Label, Sickle Cell WT) 5' NTG GTG GTG AGG CCC T 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-113 (Green Label, Sickle Cell S allolo) 5' NTG GTG GTA AGG CCC T 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-114 (Green Label, CF WT) 5' NAT CAT CTT TGG TGT T 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-115 (Red Label, CF ΔF508) 5' NTA TCA TCG GTG TTT C 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-116 (Red Label, GALT Q188R WT) 5' NCA CTG CCA GGT AAG G 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-117 (Green Label, GALT Q188R mutant) 5' NCA CTG CCG GGT AAG G 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-118 (Green Label, N314D WT) 5' NCA ACT GGA ACC ATT G 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-119 (Red Label, N314D mutant) 5' NCA ACT GGG ACC ATT G 3' N = Cy5 b. Plasmid DNA can be prepared by alkaline tysts and purified. The 96-well REAL prep (Qiagen #SQ\$11 and #19504) facilitates rapid preparation.

Rack to Table of Contents

Protocol 4. Microarmy manufacture and processing.

Reagents and Equipment

- Micro-spotting robot (Various)
- Steakh Micro Sporting Device (TeleChem)
- SuperAidchyde Substrates (TeleChem)

Method

- 1. Obtain cilylated (notive aldehyde) microscope slides (CEL Associates).
- 2. Print amino-linked cDNAs using a micro-spotting device according the to manufacturer's instructions.
- 3. Allow printed microarmys to dry overnight in a slide box².
- 4. Soak slides twice in 0.2% SDS for 2 min at room temperature with vigorous agitation .
- 5. Soak slides twice in ddH2O for 2 min at room temperature with vigorous agitation.
- 6. Transfer slides into ddH2O at 95-100°C for 2 min to allow DNA denaturation,
- 7. Allow slides to dry thoroughly at room temperature (-5 min).
- \$. Transfer stides into a sodium borohydride solution for 5 min at room temperature to reduce free aldehydes.
- 9. Riase slides three times in 0.2% SDS for 1 min each at room temperature.
- 10. Rinse slides once in ddH2O for 1 min at room temperature.
- 11. Submerge stides in ddH2O at 95-100°C for 2 secondsd.
- 12. Allow the slides to air dry and store in the dark at 25°C (stable for >1 year).
 - a. Drying increases crosslinking efficiency. Several days or more is acceptable.
 - b. This step removes sait and unbound DNA.
 - s. Dissolve 1.0 g NaBH a in 300 ml phosphate buffered saline (PDS). Add 100 ml 100% ellund to reduce bubbling. Prepare JUST PRIOR to use!
 - d. Heating the slides greatly aids in the drying process.

Method

- 1. Frapers a 15-mar A vigoranticulate informative wherein the central (8th) position identities the polymorphism or mutation in the fluorescent sample. Microarrays are made by spotting 10-100 penote/al oligonucleotide in IX micro-spotting solution.
- 2. Process the microarray to remove unbound 15-mer.
- 3. Prepare a flaorescent sample by PCR amplification of the locus encompassing the polymorphism or meastion^C. Use ~1/10 of a 100 µJ PCR reaction for hydridization of a sample that contains <1,000 loci. Purify the sample prior to hybridization by exhanol proclipitation or spin column purification.
- Densitive the sample by boiling for 2 min prior to hybridize conf.
- 5. Hybridize the fluorescent sample to the oligonucleotide microarray for 4 hrs at $42^{\circ}C^{\circ}$.
- G. Wash the microscray to remove unitybridizes semple as tollows; twice for 3 mile each at room temperature is 2X \$3C, once for 5 mile at room temperature is 2X \$3C,
- 7. Allow the microarray to sir day.
- 8. Some the microsceny at the highest PMT and laser sonings that preserve linearity and minimize background.
- 9. Quantitute Florence ent intensities with Smallone so
- a. Oligonordectides must be soupled covalently to the solid support. We have used microscope stides with reactive addebyte groups and primary amines on the oligonucleotides to
- b. The central or 8th position is a 15-mar is used to identify a single base polymorphism or mutation by hybridization. For a marker in which the wild type is a "G" and the mutant is a "T", the two complementary 15-mars would be identical except as position 8 in which the wild type 15-mar would contain a "C" and the mutant ofigoaucleotide would contain as "A".
- C. Procescent primers speaking the affect of interest by -60-bp will yield a product that hybridizes efficiently to the alignmented microarray.
- d. Double-suranded fluorescent products must be densated prior to hybridization. Single-stranded fluorescent samples made by linear PCR are preferable.
- C. Hybridization temporanse should be -10°C below the YEL 42°C works well for 15-mers. The temporature should be adjusted for honger or stronger objectionals.

 C. On the ScanArray 3000, later and PMT settings of 70% and 80%, respectively, work well for most genetyping applications.

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Literature Cited

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- Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences USA 93, 10614-10619. Page 8 7. Schens, M. (1996). Conome analysis with gene expression microarrays. BioEssays 18, 427-431.
 - R School M., Shalon, D., Devis, R.W. and Brown, P.O. (1995). Quantizative monitoring of goto expression putering with a complementary DNA microarray. Science 270, 467-470.

EOS BIOTECHNOLOGY: OLIGO RECORD FILE

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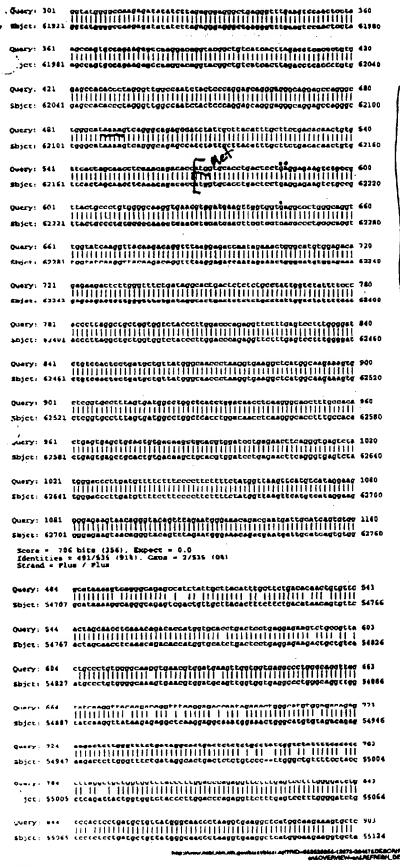
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1	ARDC-110	CX3	GACTCCTGWGGAGAA	A	1		23.42	4.82
2	ARDC-113	CX3	TGGTGGTAAGGCCCT	B	1		32.92	6.77 [[] 77
3	ARDC-114	CY3	ATCATCTTTGGTGTT	С	1		33.30	4.82 6.77 6.93 6.02 Cy 3 probe
4	ARDC-117	CX3	CACTCCCGGGTAAGC	· 🏚	1		29.24	6.02
5	ARDC-118	CY3	CAACTGGAACCATTG	E	1		25.85	5.39
6	ARDC-110	CY3	GACTCCTGWGGAGAA	F	1		24.54	5.05
7	ARDC-113	CY3	TGGTGGTAAGGCCCT	G	1		29.27	6.02
8	ARDC-114	CY3	ATCATCTTTGGTGTT	н	1		27.18	5.66
9	ARDC-117	CY3	CACTGCCGGGTAAGG	A	2 .		26.59	5.48
10	ARDC-118	CY3	CAACTGGAACCATTG	В	2		2593	5.40
11	ARDC-110	CX3	GACTCCTGWGGAGAA	C	2		21.59	4.44
12	ARDC-113	CY3	TGGTGGTAAGGCCCT	D	2		34.51	
13	ARDC-114	CY3	ATCATCTTTGGTGTT	E	2		36.17	7.53
14	ARDC-117	CY3	CACTGCCGGGTAAGG	F	2		28.14	5,80
15	ARDC-118	CX3	CAACTGGAACCATTG	C	2		27.07	5.64
16			н 2					
17	ARDC-111	CY5	GACTCCTAWGGAGAA	A	3		26.60	5.497
18	ARDC-112	CY5	TGGTGGTGAGGUUUT	В	3			6.72/ - 2 mge
19	ARDC-115	CY5	TATCATCGGTGTTTC	Ċ	3			4.34 045
20	ARDC-116	CY5	CACTGCCAGGTAAGG	D	3			5.49 6.72 4.34 4.85
21	ARDC-119	CY5	CAACTGGGACCATTG	E	3			4.70
22	ARDC-111	CY5	GACTCCTAWGGAGAA	F	3		22.88	•
23	ARDC~112	CY5	TGGTGGTGAGGCCCT	Ġ	3		26.28	
24	ARDC-112	CY5	TATCATCGGTGTTTC	Н	3		17.87	
25	ARDC-116	CY5	CACTGCCAGGTAAGG	λ	4		22.40	
26	ARDC 119	CYS	CAACTGGGACCATTG	В	4		31.33	
27	ARDC-111	CY5	GACTCCTAWGGAGAA	č	4		24.06	
28	ARDC-111	CY5	TGGTGGTGAGGCCCT	D	4			7.47
20 29	ARDC-112 ARDC-115	CY5	TATCATCGGTGTTTC	Ē	4			5.00
30	ARDC-115	CY5	CACTGCCAGGTAAGG	F	4			5,56
31	ARDC-119	CY5	CAACTGGGACCATTG	G	4			6.52
32	MADC-119	CIJ	H 4	•	•		V + 1 1 L	
33	ARDC-120	L	TTCTCCWCAGGAGTC	A	5		21 64	4.38)
34	ARDC-121	t.	AGGGCCTCACCACCA	В	5			8.16 (ASS WALL
35	ARDC-122	L.	AACACCAAAGATGAT	c	5			6.09
36	ARDC-123	L	CCTTACCTGGCAGTG	D	5			5.33
36 37	ARDC-123	L	CAATGGTTCCAGTTG	E	5			5.62
3 <i>1</i> 38	ARDC-124	L	TTCTCCWCAGGAGTC	F	5			4.16
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39	ARDC-121	L L	AGGGCCTCACCACCA AACACCAAAGATGAT	H	5			4.47
40	ARDC-122 ARDC-123	L	CCTTACCTGGCAGTG	A A	6			4.38 8.16 6.09 5.33 5.62 4.16 4.28 4.47 5.49
41	ARDC-123	L L	CANTGGTTCCAGTTG	B	6			6.38
42 43	ARDC-124 ARDC-120	L L	TTCTCCWCAGGAGTC	Č	6			4.02
	ARDC-120 ARDC-121	L	AGGGCCTCACCACCA	D	6			4.63
4.4 4.5	ARDC-121	L	AACACCAAAGATGAT	E	6			6.03
46	ARDC-123	L	CCTTACCTGGCAGTG	F	6		29 27	5.90
47	ARDC-123	L	CAATGGTTCCAGTTG	r G	6			5.18
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ARDC-119 5' NCA ACT GGG ACC ATT G 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-120 5' NTT CTC C(T/A)C AGG AGT C 3' N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-121
5' NAG GGC CTC ACC ACC A 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-122 5' NAA CAC CAA AGA TGA T'3' N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-123
5' NCC TTA CCT GGC AGT G 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-124
5' NCA ATG GTT CCA GTT G 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-109
5' NGG TAG TAA TGA GCG TGC AGC 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-110 5' NGA CTC CTG (A/T)GG AGA A 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-111
5' NGA CTC CTA (A/T)GG AGA A 3'
N = Cy5

ARDC-112 5' NTG GTG GTG AGG CCC T 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-113 5' NTG GTG GTA AGG CCC T 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-114 5' NAT CAT CTT TGG TGT T 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-115 5' NTA TCA TCG GTG TTT C 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-116 5' NCA CTG CCA GGT AAG G 3' N = Cy5

ARDC-117 5' NCA CTG CCG GGT AAG G 3' N = Cy3

ARDC-118 5' NCA ACT GGA ACC ATT G 3' N = Cy3 ARDC-100
5' NAA ACA GAC ACC ATG GTG CAC 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-101
5' NCC CAC AGG GCA GTA ACG GCA 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-102 5' NGC AAG GTG AAC GTG GAT GAA 3' N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-103
5' NGT AAC CTT GAT ACC AAC CTG 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-104
5' NCT GGC ACC ATT AAA GAA AAT 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-105
5' NTT CTG TAT CTA TAT TCA TCA 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-106
5' NTG GGC TGT TCT AAC CCC CAC 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-107
5' NAA CCC ACT GGA GCC CCT GAC 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier

ARDC-108
5' NCC ACA GGA TCA GAG GCT GGG 3'
N = C6 Amino modifier







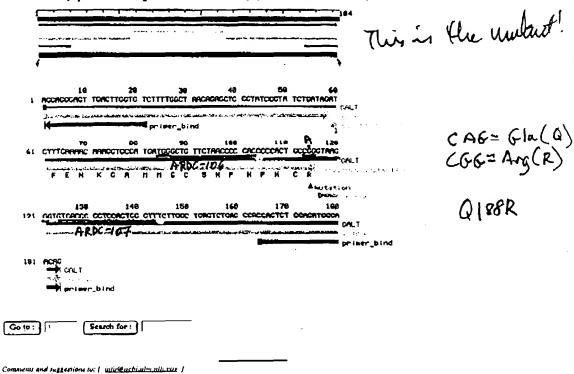
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(mutant (g, Asp) N7(4))





...Homo supicus gulactase-i-phosphate uridyi transferuse (GALT) gene, exon 6, with a Q188R mutation prevalent in G/G Caucasian population evusing reduced GALT activity (M20264 bases 1687-1870)



WT(a, Gla) Mulant(g, Arg) a > 9





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Comments and suggestions to: [installments.slun, with, vnv





"Nucleotide

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921 CYAYYTTAC ACATASTTA TTACCATGCA TGROCARATT AACAAAAACA
990 1800 1818 1828 1830 G172A = C dela 279 1889 1818 1828 1839 1848 901 ARTCCRIMTH INTUTNIENTE TATCTCYCYN CHIMINGRAC TATRIANIAIN INTITITITY A 173 T = 5 other 1968 G Z32 A = E allele 1676 1986 1841 CTTTYCYTHC CHCHACCTTT TANYCONNIT ANGGRACAC TRYCCTTHCH ACTCACCTTC 1181 ACTITIONTO CATTOTOTOS TOTANGENET TECCHETETO YCCHONOGOR GGARGACAYO 1140 1190 1200 1216 1161 CRICTACATA TOCCHANGCT GRATTATCCY MORCHANACT CTTOCACTIT 1221 ATTYCTINIT TOTGTAATAA CHANATTOGG AAAACCATCT TOMATATGCT TACCAMOCTG 1281 TCATYCCARR TATTACCTAR ATACACTTCC ARACCACCAT CITTITACTA CCRATTICTA 1356 1279 1308 1341 CYCRYCGTRY GCCGCCARCA CRYNYRYCTT REACCCACCC CYCRCGGTTT CANCTCCARC 1419 1420 1438 1448 1458 1458 1461 1451 10CTRAGOCR CTCCCNORMS ROCCRRECAS ROCTAGOCT STORTCHICT RESECTACE 1490 1500 1510 GAG(Gu) -> AAG(45) 1581 CTGTGTTCAC TRECEARCETC APACAGAGAC CATGGTGCAC CTGACTCCTC ACOAGAGCTC "" "GAG (Glu) > GTG (Vol) ARDC-100 1641 TECCCTTRCT ECCCTETEGE CEARCITICAN COTOGRIFAN CITYDOTIGNET

ARDC-101 A V 7 R L U C K V H V 9 E V 6 6 Example GAG (Glu) > AAG (bys) 1718 1729 1739 1749 1758 1766 1761 1761 CROCTTCCTA TORROCTTCC ARCHICAGACC MATHICAGACT COCCATCTCC R ARDC-103 1518 1761 REACRONAN DACTETTECC TYPETGRING GERETGRETE TETETGEETA TYCCTETATT 1839 1848 1850 1821 TYCCORCCCT TRCCCYCCTC STGGTCTRCC CT L L V V Y ace 6/3/88 Forms from Schena with. [1832...2832]}

Ti= -682 x (1-1) + 97 1921

15- new -Tw = 42° Comments and suggestions so: 1 into the color selle cus: 1

15- new -Tw = 35°C. 10-men Ta= 19°C. 11-ml -Tm= 25°C. 9- mer - Ton= 11°C

Neonatal Screening

Obtain 108 samples from Neo Gen
6 rows of 12 PCR tubes
Correspond to CF, B-globin and other loci and to Neo Gen samples A, B, C, D, E and F
50 ul PCR with 15 ul missing for agarose gels (gel bands look good)
Products look OK
All stored at -80C since arrival on

Remove from -80C, 72 samples and thaw

These correspond to 6 human loci, with quads of each locus and each genotype (wt, hetero and homo)

-Such that a given locus has 12 tubes

- A. deltaP508WT, Heter, Homo
- B. B-globin 172/173 \$/\$, A/\$, \$/C
- C. B-globin 172/173 C/C, A/C, A/A
- D. B-globin 232 E/E, A/E, A/A
- E. GALT 314 WT, Hetero, Homo
- F. GALT 188 WT, Hetero, Homo

Add 160 ml of binding buffer

Mix 10X

Add to 384-well filter plate

- -Add so that each set of four occupies a quad of wells
- -ie. The first set of four is in A1, A2, B1, B2 and so forth
- -Leave the 10th set of wells (A9, A10, B9, B10) empty so that samples will fall on even rows when printing 30 x30 in triplicate. ie. Last set of three spots will be empty for the first row.

Add 3 times to filter entire 200 ul vol

Spin briefly between loadings, then 5 min to dry filter

Add 50 ul H2O, wait 2 min and elute by cent for 5 min

Allow 384-well plate to dry o/n under hood fan to dryncas

After o/n drying under hood, the samples still contained ~20ul liquid

Dry in speedvac for 1.5 hrs at medium heat.

Add 5 ul H2O to each well and mix well

Add 5 ul of 2X MSS-1 to each well and mix

To new 384-well plate, transfer 3 ul of each sample.

Also, and 3 ut to 5 additional quade of wells for each of 5 control 15-mer oligos

-Oligos are A5, B5, C5, D5, E5 (ARDC120-124) from weboligos 3/21/00 plate stored at -20C

-Oligos are amino-mods at 100 uM concentration, diluted 1:1 with 2X MSS-1 for a final conc of

50 uM.

Spin plate 5 min at 500 x g to move samples to bottom of plate

Array onto 30 SuperAldehydes using triplicate spotting at 140 uM spacing and 30 x 30 config

-Note that final arrays should contain 4 identical subgrids with 2 complete rows and the third containing 12 spots. The final 3 spots in row 1 should be 1X MSS-1

Printing looks good!

Store arrays in a substrate box for processing.

After o/n drying, label 2 arrays barcoded # 105034 and 105035 Demarcate array with diamond pencil on underside Process as per published protocols

Soak 2X in 0.2% SDS

Soak 2X in dH2O

Treat for 2 min at 95C in dH2O

Spin dry 1 min

Treat for 5 min in sodium borohydride (1.0 g in 400 ml dH2O) Rinse 3X in 0.2% SDS Rinse 1X in dH2O Treat 2 sec at 95C in dH2O Spin dry 1 min

Hybridization:
Set array in hyb cassette
Add 10 ut of dH2O
Prepare 2 cover slips 22 mm x 22 mm
Lay cover slip on top of array
Add 10 ut of 2-color fluorescent probes

-Probe are mixtures of 10 fluorescent oligos (5 Cy3 and 5 Cy5) Oligos are from weboligos 3/21/00 plate -Cy3 are A1, B1, C1, D1 and E1 -Cy5 are A3, B3, C3, D3 and E3

-All 10 are in a 10 uM mixture stored at -20C
Probe 1: 10 oligos at 1 uM each final cone in 1X UniHyb
Probe 2: 10 oligos at 1 uM each final cone in 5X SSC + 0.2% SDS
Add probe 1 to array 105034 and probe 2 to array 105035
Hyb at 42C for 1.5 hrs
Wash 2X in 2X SSC + 0.2% SDS and 1X in 2X SSC for 5 min cach

Spin dry 1 min Scan at 100% PMT and 100% laser

Recults

Signals are rather weak but background is very low Looks like the experiment is working!

See scans ms000420a-d
a-Cy3 with array 105034
b-Cy5 with array 105034
c-Cy3 with array 105035
d-Cy5 with array 105035

Second chip (SSC and SDS) slightly brighter signal. Quant data

Processing:

Process chips and compare direct labeling vs. NEN TSA on neonatal chips
Obtain 4 chips from rt drawer. Chips were made on SuperAldehyde on 4/19/00
Bar code as 105227-105230
Mark array with diamond pencil
Wash 2 x 2 min in 0.2% SDS and 2 x 2 min in dH2O.
Denature 2 min at 95-100C in dH2O.
Reduce in NaBH4 for 5 min at rt [320 ml dH2O + 1.2 g NaBH4 + 120 ml 100% ethanol]
Wash 2 x 2 min in 0.2% SDS, 2 x 2 min in dH2O. Spin dry.
Use for Hyb.

Hybs:

Probes-

The Cy3/Cy5 mixture prepared on 4/20/00 and stored frozen at -20C. Mixture of 5 Cy3 oligos and 5
Cy5 oligos end-labeled corresponding to 1A-E and 3A-E from 3/24/00 weboiligos source. All at 10
uM each. Make hyb mixture by mixing:

3 ul of 10 uM oligo mix
7.5 ul of 20X SSC
6 ul of 1% SDS
13.5 ul of dH20
30 ul total volume.

Heat for 1 min at 65C Spin for 1 min Hyb to 105227 and 105228 under 22 mm x 22 mm cover slip, using 10 ul hyb solution per chip.

2. The biotin/DNA mixture prepared fresh on 6/7/00 and stored frozen at -20C after use. Mixture of 5 biotin oligos and 5 DNP oligos end-labeled corresponding to 1A-E and 7A-B from 5/24/00 weboligos source. All at 10 uM each. Make hyb mixture by mixing:

3 ul of 10 uM oligo mix 7.5 ul of 20X SSC 6 ul of 1% SDS 13.5 ul of dH20 30 ul total volume.

Heat for 1 min at 65C

Spin for 1 min

Hyb to 105229 and 105230 under 22 mm x 22 mm cover slip, using 10 ul hyb solution per chip and 10 ul dH2O for humidification.

Hyb 4.5 hrs at 42C

Wash 2 x 5 min in 2X SSC + 0.2% SDS and 1 x 5 min in 2X SSC

Spin dry.

Scan chips 105227 and 105228 at 100% PMT and 100% laser with ScanArray 3000.

Exhibit B

		Cy3 raw	Cy3 Ave.	Cy3 Ave-Backgr.	Cy5 raw	Cy5 Ave.
Spot 28	1X MSS-1	2779		•	949	
Spot 29	•	3063	2964	0	1106	1123
Spot 30	•	3021			1313	
Spot 31	B-globin 232E/E	4986			1396	
Spot 32	B-globin 232E/E	5246	5358	2404	1395	1606
Spot 33	B-globin 232E/E	5841			2028	
Spot 34	B-globin 232A/E	3918			1831	
Spot 35	B-globin 232A/E	3706	3831	877	1429	1566
Spot 36	B-globin 232A/E	3868			1439	
Spot 37	B-ylobin 232A/A	348 3			2871	
Spot 38	B-globin 232A/A	3126	·3319	365	3133	2715
Spot 39	B-globin 232A/A	3347			2141	
-		46384			21031	

Quantitation of two color genotyping on Neonatal chips printed on 4/19/00 Mixture of 10 fluorescent oligos to 5 loci in Cy3 and Cy5 Hyb buffer was 5X SSC + 0.2% SDS for 1.5 hrs at 42C Probe solution was 1 uM each oligo Washes were RT in 2X SSC + 0.2% SDS twice and once in 2X SSC Scans were on GSIL 3000 at 100% laser and 100% PMT

Exhibit B

